

Motorcycle Practice Test I

1. Most motorcycle accidents occur at speeds below 30 mph; that means that motorcycle riders should:

- a) Always drive faster than 30 mph.
- b) Always ride slower than 30 mph.
- c) Wear a helmet to cut down on head injuries.
- d) Be especially careful when you begin your ride.

2. The safest type of eye protection is:

- a) Sunglasses.
- b) Goggles.
- c) The motorcycle's windshield.
- d) A face shield.

3. In order for a motorcycle to be street legal, it must have:

- a) Brakes in front and back.
- b) Turn signals and brake, head and tail lights.
- c) Two mirrors and a horn.
- d) All of the above.

4. You can help make yourself more visible to other drivers by:

- a) Wearing reflective clothing.
- b) Using your headlights.
- c) Allowing space between yourself and other vehicles.
- d) All of the above.

5. To stop or slow your motorcycle down, you should:

- a) Use only the front brake.
- b) Use only the back brake.
- c) Use both brakes at once.
- d) Use only both brakes in inclement weather.

6. While riding your motorcycle, the reason to allow plenty of space all around you is to:

- a) Provide room to maneuver away from a hazard.**
- b) Give you time to react to a potential problem.**
- c) So people can see you better.**
- d) All of the above.**

7. The best lane position to take is:

- a) The center of the lane.**
- b) The lane appropriate to the situation and conditions.**
- c) The far left position.**
- d) The far right position.**

8. When riding at night, it is safest to:

- a) Slow down because you cannot see possible obstacles in the roadway.**
- b) Maintain the posted speed limit.**
- c) Wear light colored clothing or gear with reflective strips.**
- d) Both A and C**

9. If you plan to pass a vehicle, you should:

- a) Always pass to the left.**
- b) Always pass on the right.**
- c) Exceed the speed limit by no more than 10 mph.**
- d) Flash your headlights to let them know you intentions.**

10. When a driver of a vehicle is passing you, you should:

- a) Stay in the far left lane position.**
- b) Move to the center lane position.**
- c) Move to the far right lane position.**
- d) Slow down.**

11. Lane sharing:

- a) Lets you get where you are going faster.
- b) Is an unsafe practice.
- c) Can be dangerous in heavy traffic.
- d) Is perfectly acceptable.

12. While riding your motorcycle, the most likely place to have a problem with a vehicle driver is:

- a) On the highway in inclement weather.
- b) On the highway during clear weather.
- c) At any type of intersection.
- d) In a residential neighborhood.

13. If you park your motorcycle at the curb, you should park it at:

- a) 45 degree angle.
- b) 180 degree angle.
- c) 360 degree angle.
- d) 90 degree angle.

14. You should get into the habit of turning on your headlights:

- a) In bad weather.
- b) All of the time.
- c) At dusk.
- d) In the early morning.

15. You should use your turn signals:

- a) Every time you change lanes.
- b) Only when other vehicles are nearby.
- c) Only at night.
- d) Only while riding in heavy traffic.

16. You should always check your mirrors when:

- a) You are planning to slow down.**
- b) You are stopped at an intersection.**
- c) You are about to change lanes.**
- d) All of the above.**

17. On your motorcycle, you don't have to turn your head to check before you make a lane change because:

- a) Motorcycles do not have "blind spots."**
- b) You will be through your blind spot in a few seconds.**
- c) Your mirrors will let you know if it is clear.**
- d) None of the above.**

18. If you should see a potential for an accident in front of you, you should:

- a) Be prepared to swerve.**
- b) Apply firm and steady pressure on both brakes.**
- c) Be ready to speed up.**
- d) Any or all of these depending on the situation.**

19. The biggest cause of accidents involving a single motorcycle is:

- a) Driving too fast in bad weather.**
- b) Improper braking techniques.**
- c) Veering wide through a turn or curve.**
- d) Carrying a passenger or bundle.**

20. You need to ride with extra safety precautions when the road:

- a) Is wet, muddy or icy.**
- b) Is constructed of dirt or gravel.**
- c) Includes bumpy surfaces such as speed bumps, manhole covers or lane dots.**
- d) All of the above.**

21. If you do have to travel on a slippery roadway, you should:

- a) Slow down and coast with you feet on the roadway when necessary.**
- b) Keep the bike as upright as possible.**
- c) Grab the brakes hard to get some traction.**
- d) Both A and B are correct.**

22. A “wobble” can begin for many reasons, including load imbalance, under or over inflated tires, or mechanical trouble. If you experience a wobble, you should do all these things except:

- a) Brake fast and hard to stop the problem quickly.**
- b) Shift your weight forward.**
- c) Get off the roadway as soon as you are safely able to.**
- d) Redistribute the load.**

23. If for any reason you need to pull off the road, you should always:

- a) Check that the shoulder is strong enough to support you and your motorcycle.**
- b) Use your turn or hand signals.**
- c) Flash your headlights and sound your horn.**
- d) All except C**

24. When carrying passengers, the one thing they should never do is:

- a) Sit far forward, but not enough to crowd you.**
- b) Hold onto you.**
- c) Talk to you so you aren't bored.**
- d) Prop their feet up on the pegs when the bike is stopped.**

25. When riding in a group of motorcyclists, it is best to:

- a) Keep the group smaller than four or five riders.**
 - b) Maintain a staggered formation.**
 - c) Let the beginners go first.**
 - d) All of the above.**
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Motorcycle Practice Test II

1. A plastic shatter-resistant face shield:

- a) **Is not necessary if you have a windshield.**
- b) **Only protects your eyes.**
- c) **Helps protect your whole face.**
- d) **Does not protect your face as well as goggles.**

2. More than half of all crashes:

- a) Occur at speeds greater than 35 mph.
- b) Happen at night.
- c) Are caused by worn tires.
- d) Involve riders who have ridden their motorcycles less than six months.

3. When riding, you should:

- a) Turn your head and shoulders to look through turns.
- b) Keep your arms straight.
- c) Keep your knees away from the gas tank.
- d) Turn just your head and eyes to look where you are going.

4. Usually, a good way to handle tailgaters is to:

- a) Change lanes and let them pass.
- b) Use your horn and make obscene gestures.
- c) Speed up to put distance between you and the tailgater.
- d) Ignore them.

5. To reduce your reaction time, you should:

- a) Ride slower than the speed limit.
- b) Cover the clutch and the brakes.
- c) Shift into neutral when slowing.
- d) Pull in the clutch when turning.

6. Making eye contact with other drivers:

- a) Is a good sign they see you.
- b) Is not worth the effort it takes.
- c) Doesn't mean that the driver will yield.
- d) Guarantees that the other driver will yield to you.

7. *Reflective clothing should:*

- a) Be worn at night.
- b) Be worn during the day.
- c) Not be worn.
- d) Be worn day and night.

8. *The best way to stop quickly is to:*

- a) Use the front brake only.
- b) Use the rear brake first.
- c) Throttle down and use the front brake.
- d) Use both brakes at the same time.

9. *When it starts to rain it is usually best to:*

- a) Ride in the center of the lane.
- b) Pull off to the side until the rain stops.
- c) Ride in the tire tracks left by cars.
- d) Increase your speed.

10. *If your motorcycle starts to wobble:*

- a) Accelerate out of the wobble.
- b) Use the brake gradually.
- c) Grip the handlebars firmly and close the throttle gradually.
- d) Downshift.

11. *If you are chased by a dog:*

- a) Kick it away.
- b) Stop until the animal loses interest.
- c) Swerve around the animal.
- d) Approach the

12. *Passengers should:*

- a) Lean as you lean.
- b) Hold on to the motorcycle seat.
- c) Sit as far back as possible.
- d) Never hold onto you.

13. When riding in a group , inexperienced riders should position themselves:

- a) Just behind the leader.
- b) In front of the group.
- c) At the tail end of the group.
- d) Beside the leader.

14. If you wait an hour for each drink before riding:

- a) You cannot be arrested for drinking and riding.
- b) Your riding skills will not be affected.
- c) Side effects from the drinking may still remain.
- d) You will be okay as long as you ride slowly.

15. It is MOST important to flash your brake light when:

- a) Someone is following too closely.
- b) You will be slowing suddenly.
- c) There is a stop sign ahead.
- d) Your signals are not working.

16. The FRONT brake supplies how much of the potential stopping power?

- a) About one-quarter.
- b) About one-half.
- c) About three-quarters.
- d) All of the stopping power.

17. To swerve correctly:

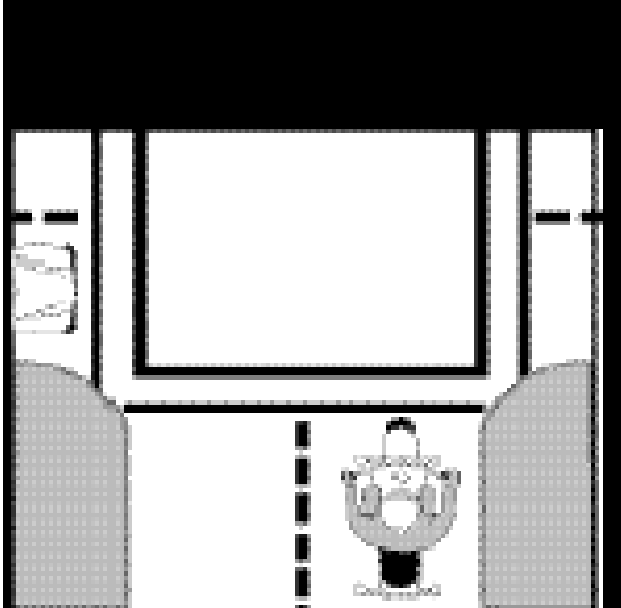
- a) Shift your weight quickly.
- b) Turn the handlebars quickly.
- c) Press the handgrip in the direction of the turn.
- d) Press the handgrip in the opposite direction of the turn.

18. If a tire goes flat while riding , and you must stop , it is usually best to:

- a) Relax on the handlebars.
- b) Shift your weight toward the good tire.
- c) Brake on the good tire and steer to the side of the road.
- d) Use both brakes and stop quickly.

19. The car below is waiting to enter the intersection. It is best to:

- a) Make eye contact with the driver.
- b) Reduce speed and be ready to react.
- c) Maintain speed and position.
- d) Maintain speed and move right.



Motorcycle Practice Test Answers

<u>Test I</u>	<u>Test II</u>
1. C	1. C
2. D	2. D
3. D	3. D
4. D	4. A
5. C	5. B
6. D	6. C
7. B	7. D
8. D	8. D
9. A	9. C
10. B	10. C
11. B	11. D
12. C	12. A
13. D	13. A
14. B	14. C
15. A	15. B
16. D	16. C
17. D	17. C
18. D	18. C
19. C	19. B
20. D	
21. D	
22. A	
23. D	
24. C	
25. D	

For Additional help check-out these links:

<http://www.dmv.org/>

and

<http://www.txdps.state.tx.us/msb/>

Texas Motorcycle Operator's manual:

<http://www.txdps.state.tx.us/msb/dl-8.pdf>